Insufficient evidence for psycho-social interventions overall

Contingency Management is effective in improving treatment retention and transiently reducing illicit drug use in pregnant women. Insufficient evidence to support the use of Motivational Interviewing.

No evidence

Insufficient evidence to recommend routine use of home visits

Assessment of Generalisability:

> >90% of all study participants were poor, African American, unemployed, with extremely large losses to follow-up.

Small sample sizes and possibility of Type II error

No evidence

> Small sample sizes, not applicable